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## ADVOCATE OF PEACE AND ARBITRATION.

BOSTON, OCT. &amp; NOV., 1890.

R. B. HOWARD, . . . . . EDITOR.

—The demands of our work have again emptied our treasury. The prosecution of the Peace campaign at home and abroad necessitates constant expenses of rent, printing, postage and travel. It is for the friends of Peace and Arbitration to say whether this work shall languish or be prosecuted with vigor. Every dollar donated is a vote for an advance.

—The Park Street Church meeting which was addressed by Rev. Reuben Thomas, D.D., Sunday evening, October 26, was one of the largest and most fairly representative that has gathered in Boston to consider the subject of Peace.

—Rev. Philip S. Moxom, D. D., addressed a large meeting of Baptist ministers from Boston and vicinity in September, on his recent experience and observations as delegate to the Universal Peace Congress in London.

—Rev. Charles B. Smith, a delegate to the Universal Peace Congress, delivered an effective address on "Peace" to a good audience at Norwood, Mass., Sunday, October 26. He has previously spoken at other places on the same subject.

—*Our Day* for November gives generous space to the Peace movement. It is a record as well as a review of reform and real progress along Christian lines.

—Rev. A. H. Quint, D. D., informs us that resolutions in favor of peace and arbitration have been prepared and will be presented by the American Delegation to the Pan-Congregational Council to meet in London July, 1891.

—A letter from Rev. P. Husband Davies of London conveys the welcome news that the overture adopted by the Presbyterian Church (South) at Ashville, N. C., in April last, was received by the Congregational Union of England and Wales at the autumnal meeting at Swansea, and adopted after vigorous and friendly speeches from the platform. The "Union" voted to comply with the request of the overture and send delegates to the proposed Church Peace Conference in 1892.

—A special meeting of the Arbitration Society of Frankfort-on-Main, was held September 17, and addressed by Mr. Hodgson Pratt of England, Herr Gustav Maier of Frankfort, Herr Flinsch, member of the Reichstag, and other gentlemen prominent in politics and business in Germany. The ladies were in attendance.

—The twenty-fourth Congress of the International League of Peace and Liberty was held at Greenoble, August 31. Secretary W. E. Darby and daughter of the London Peace Society were present. We are indebted to the latter for a graphic picture of the place and the meetings. The class of workingmen was numerously represented. The London Congress has given a new impetus to all the Continental Peace Societies.

## "THE WORLD'S CONGRESS AUXILIARY."

The citizens of Chicago named below, constituting a committee on World's Congresses, were appointed Nov. 13, 1889. The Directors of the World's Commission have (Oct. 21) adopted that committee and appointed a committee of the Commission to act in connection with the directory for the promotion and arrangement for such congresses. Both committees have been christened with the rather lengthy name of

## "THE WORLD'S CONGRESS AUXILIARY OF THE WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION,"

and authorized to proceed with the work committed to its charge. The committee is empowered to "add such persons and appoint such sub-committees from time to time as it may deem fit and expedient."

Charles C. Bonney, Chairman; Lyman J. Gage, Treasurer; Walter Thomas Mills, Secretary; the Rt. Rev. Samuel Fallows, D. D.; William J. Onahan; John J. Mitchell; Ferd W. Peck; the Rev. John Henry Barrows, D. D.; Julius Rosenthal and John A. Enander.

The following rules have been adopted by the Directors for the Auxiliary:

"All plans, proposals and proceedings of said auxiliary, with reference to the meeting of said congresses, shall be submitted from time to time to the Executive Committee of this body, and shall conform to such rules and regulations and be subject to such limitations as the directory of the Executive Committee thereof may prescribe.

"Said rules, regulations and limitations shall be reported to the Committee of the National Commission, appointed in that behalf, as aforesaid, for concurrence.

"Said auxiliary shall not, nor shall any sub-committee thereof, or any officer, agent or employee of either, enter into any contract or incur any liability or obligation for or on behalf of the World's Columbian Exposition, except in pursuance of express authority in that behalf conferred by the directory of the Executive Committee thereof.

"All correspondence with reference to the convening and conduct of said congresses shall be conducted under the supervision of the Secretary of the World's Columbian Exposition, and a record of all proceedings taken and had in and about that behalf, shall be kept by said Secretary."

Of course those interested in having a successful Peace and Arbitration Congress in America in 1893 will early place their applications before this Auxiliary. We can but hope that the time and place assigned to the Peace Congress will be commensurate with the importance of its objects, and the distinguished men of all countries who will attend should be made to feel that they occupy no secondary place in the esteem of Americans. The Government itself, like that of France, should provide for a national recognition and welcome.

—The labors of the American missionaries in the Sandwich Islands, for the period of about thirty years, cost the Christians of the United States \$882,683, or less than the expense of building one old line-of-battle ship, and keeping it in service for one year! As the result of that "thirty years' war" against idolatry, a degraded heathen nation has become Christianized, and is now sending forth its own missionaries to other and distant islands.